

**TOPOLOGY SEMINAR**

**Guest Speaker: Piotr Pstrągowski**  
**Northwestern University**

**Date:** Tuesday, October 30, 2018

**Time:** 2:30 PM

**Location:** 258 Hurley Hall



**Lecture Title:**

**Chromatic homotopy is algebraic when  $p > n^2 + n + 1$**

**Abstract**

Talk I: 2:30-3:30

Talk II: 4:00-5:00

In chromatic homotopy theory, one stratifies the stable homotopy category by fixing a prime and looking at the  $E(n)$ -local parts, which informally see "information up to height  $n$ ". As the height grows, these categories become increasingly intricate and converge to the  $p$ -local homotopy theory in a precise sense. On the other hand, it has been observed that when the prime is large relative to the height, then the  $E(n)$ -local category simplifies considerably - for example, the  $E(n)$ -local homotopy groups of spheres admit a purely algebraic description. In this talk, we show that when  $p > n^2 + n + 1$ , the homotopy category of  $E(n)$ -local spectra is equivalent to the homotopy category of differential  $E(n)_*E(n)$ -comodules, giving a precise sense in which chromatic homotopy theory is algebraic at large primes. This extends the work of Bousfield at  $n = 1$  to all heights, and affirms a conjecture of Franke.