

# Colloquium

University of Notre Dame  
Department of Mathematics

**Speaker:** Peter Winkler

Dartmouth College

**Will give a lecture entitled**

Permutons

**Date:** Wednesday, April 26, 2017

**Time:** 4:00 PM

**Location:** 129 Hayes-Healy Hall

**Departmental Tea:** Tea in Room 257 (lounge in Hurley Hall) at 3:30 p.m.



**Abstract:**

The "pattern density" of a permutation  $\pi$  in a permutation  $\sigma$  of  $\{1, \dots, n\}$  is the fraction of subsequences of  $\sigma$  (written in one-line form) that are ordered like  $\pi$ . For example, the density of the pattern "12" in  $\sigma$  is the number of pairs  $i < j$  with  $\sigma(i) < \sigma(j)$ , divided by  $\binom{n}{2}$ .

What does a typical permutation look like that has one or more pattern densities fixed? To help answer this we employ limit objects called "permutons," together with a variational principle that identifies the permuton that best represents a given class of permutations.

Joint work with Rick Kenyon, Dan Kral' and Charles Radin.