

GEOMETRIC ANALYSIS SEMINAR

Speaker: Samuel Perez-Ayala

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Date: Thursday, February 16, 2017

Time: 11:00 AM

Location: 258 Hurley Hall



Lecture Title:

The Uniformization Theorem

Abstract

Given a compact, closed (no boundary), 2-dimensional Riemannian Manifold (M, g_0) , with Gaussian curvature \mathcal{K}_0 , I will address the following question: Can we find a conformal metric \bar{g} having constant curvature? By considering the determinant of the laplacian as a function of the metric \bar{g} , $\log \det \Delta_{\bar{g}}$, it is a fact that the maximum of this function is attained by a unique (up to conformal transformations) metric \bar{g}' , and that \bar{g}' has constant Gaussian curvature.